The Columbian Mirror and Alexandria Gazette.

ALEXANDRIA—PRINTED, EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, BY ELLIS PRICE, AT THE EAST END OF THE MARKET-HOUSE.

No. 356.] THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1795. Vol. III.]

Matthew Franklin Bowne & Co.

HAVING the honour of being appointed Auctioneers for the City of Alexandria, and having entered ample security for the faithful performance of said trust, they beg leave to inform their Friends, and the Public in general, that they have provided a large and convenient Warehouse, in Union Street, adjoining *Harper's* Wharf, (entirely detached from their other commercial concerns) where they are ready to receive and store, either for private or public sale,

All Kinds of

European & West-India Goods, Household Furniture, &c.

N. B. Cash advanced, if required, previous to any Sales. March 28, 1795.

☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That we have fixed on Tuesday and Friday in each week for Public Sales—Those who may wish their goods particularised in the Columbian Mirror, must send an invoice of them previous to the days of Sale.

Matthew Franklin Bowne & Co.

Alexandria, April 14, 1795.

The subscribers have, for sale, at their store on Fairfax street,

High proof Jamaica and Windward Island Rum in puncheons;

Best Cogniac Brandy in pipes;
Best Holland Gin, do.
Hibbert and Cos. best London Porter and Brown Stout in casks and Hampers of 6 and 7 doz.
Madeira, Sherry, Port, } WINES in pipes, hhds. quarter casks and bottles;
Lisbon, Calcavella, Malaga, Teneriffe, Fayal, } do. in pipes and quarter-casks;
Claret of a superior quality in hhds. and in cases of three dozen each;
Muscovado and Loaf Sugar in hhds. and barrels;
Havannah Segars in boxes;
Candles in do.
A variety of pickles, with a general assortment of teas and other groceries which they will dispose of one the most reasonable terms, by wholesale and retail, for cash or the usual credits.

MANDEVILLE and JAMESSON.

Alexandria, July 11, 1795. 1 m. e. n

I want to employ a man who is capable of conducting a brick yard.

R. T. HOOE.

Alexandria, July 10, 1795.

FEDERAL SPRING.

THE Subscriber informs the Public that he has rented the Federal Spring of Mr. Alexander, and that he intends putting it into a situation for accommodating such as choose to visit him. As he has provided himself with a variety of Liquors of the best quality, it will save many the trouble of bringing any with them, when they have an inclination to spend an hour or two at this agreeable place. JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

N. B. Barbacues, &c. furnished on the shortest notice.

Federal Spring, July 14, 1795.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery

WILL BE SOLD,

On Monday the 3d day of August next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, on the premises, for ready Money,

A Certain Tract of Land, in Fairfax County, and about six miles from the Town of Alexandria, adjoining the seat of Josiah Watson, Esq. whereof Michael Ragan died seized. The land will be sold in Lots to suit purchasers.

SAMUEL ARELL,
JOHN DUNDAS,
W'm HERBERT, } Com's.

Alexandria, July 13, 1795.

TO BE RENTED,

For the term of five or seven years,

That valuable Farm called Berry Plain, lying upon Potomack River, and Upper Machodick Creek, containing about seven hundred acres; three fourths of which is cleared; the situation is handsome and convenient; the land is fertile as any upon the river, well watered, and remarkable for fine pasturage. The out houses are new, the dwelling house wants repair. Apply before the tenth of next September to Mr. William Thornton, or in his absence to Mr. John Stuart. The subscriber will sell upon credit, the noted running horse *Whistle Jacket*, and several thorough bred mares.

JOHN THORNTON.

Virginia, King George County, July 6, 1795.

Alexandria and Charleston

PACKET.

PACKETS are evidently calculated and deservedly considered to be of special and extensive utility to the commerce of a free and industrious people. Influenced by an ardent wish, therefore, to accomplish so interesting and desirable an object—to conduce in any degree to the reciprocal advantage of the public—the subscribers have, at no small pains, selected a neat Schooner, called the *TWO SISTERS*, of about 50 tons burthen, for the purpose of establishing her as a Packet from this port to Charleston. Having a pleasant and commodious cabin for the accommodation of passengers; the subscribers flatter themselves they may not fail to ensure universal satisfaction.

Matthew F. Bowne & Co.

Alexandria, July 8, 1795.

For Sale or Freight,

The Brig LUCRETIA,
WILLIAM TABER, Master;
Burthen 100 tons, and good order for sea.—For terms apply to the master on board, at present lying in the stream opposite Conway's wharf. July 10, 1795.

For Sale or Charter,

The SNOW

POLLY,

PLINY HAMILTON, Master,

Burthen about 1000 barrels; she sails fast, and is in good order. Apply to the Captain on board, at Col. Hooe's Wharf, or to us in Colchester.

LUND WASHINGTON & CO.

July 1, 1795.

MUSIC.

JOHN V. THOMAS

HAS just received, and for sale, upwards of five hundred different choice SONGS, set to music, selected with taste from the most celebrated compositions of Dibdin, Hook, Storace, Shield, &c.—also,

Instructions for the Violin,
do. German Flute,
do. Piano-porte or Harpsicord,
Lessons for the Piano-porte or Harpsicord,
Best Roman Violin strings.

Alexandria, July 9, 1795.

N. B. He expects to receive in a few days, a large supply of Harpsicord music.

Cheap BOOKS

Just now opening at the Corner of Cameron and Royal Streets, near Mr. Wise's Tavern, and will be sold wholesale and retail;

A LARGE and general assortment of Books, consisting of new Novels; Classicks, (a great number of each; a number of authors on Arts and Sciences; Agriculture, History and Divinity; Fisher's, Dowling's and Voster's Arithmetic; Dowling's Book-keeping; Young's and Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary; Pindar's Works; Spectator; Pope's Works; Dryden's Virgil; Burke's Works; Female Spectator; Miss's Magazine; Stern's Works; Peregrine Pickle; Tom Jones; Tristram Shandy; Milton's Works; Plutarch's Lives; Cooke's Voyages, &c. The London and Hibernian Magazines, from '90, to the middle of '94; the new series of Monthly Reviews; Plays, bound and unbound; Pamphlets, Prints, Ballads, several treatises on Gunnery and Fortification, several thousands of School Books and small Histories, &c.

N. B. The person who sells these Books intends remaining a few weeks only in town. English silver will be taken for Books at the Sterling value.

Alex. July 9, 1795 (t. f.)

Four Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the sloop Jovial Farmer, on Sunday 28th June, a negro named *Jack*. He is about 21 or 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, thin make, smooth face, and has a deep rough voice. When he went away had on a short fearnought jacket and white trowsers.—Whoever will secure the above Negro in any gaol so that I get him again shall receive the above reward. It is supposed he may be gone to Pohic about 8 miles from Alexandria. Wm. WHITE.

City of Washington, June 29, 1795.

W. J. HALL

HAS received per the Snow Commerce, from Liverpool, a neat assortment of Spring Goods, which will be sold by the piece or package, on reasonable terms, at his store on Prince street.

Also on hand,
A quanty of nails per the cask,
Corks by the bag,
Broad and narrow Hoes,
Hats by the box,
Nankeens, Sad Irons, Anvils, Sickles and Sythes.

Alexandria, May 18, 1795. (t. f.)

THE Subscriber again requests all those indebted to him, to make early payment, having totally declined the Dry Goods business.

He has just received, (which he will sell low)

A Quantity of BRITISH ALE,
BOTTLED CIDER,
AMERICAN PORTER
Of an excellent quality, fit for immediate use, in barrels of dozen each,
INDIA NANKEENS,
RED PORT WINE in cases,
And best
HAVANNAH SEGARS.

C. YOUNG, jun.

Alexandria, June 22, 1795.

JAMES FERRALL

Has for Sale

WEST-INDIA RUM in hogsheads,
Madeira Wine in pipes,
Port in pipes and quarter-casks,
Lisbon in do. do.
Malaga in do.
Loaf and Lump Sugar in hogsheads and barrels,
Brown do. do. do.
Green Coffee in Tierces and barrels,
Pepper in barrels and bags,
Young Hyson Tea in quarter chests,
A few boxes English Crown Window Glass, 8 by 10,
3,000 Bushels Cadiz Salt,
1,500 Do. Turk's Island do.
1,000 Do. Liverpool do.
1,500 Gallons Whiskey in hogsheads, tierces and barrels.

N. B. He has opened a Retail Grocery Store adjoining his Dry Good Store, on King-Street, where he will be constantly supplied with Draught Wines and Liquors of all sorts, Teas, Sugars, Coffee, &c. which he will sell at the most reduced prices.

Alexandria, April 8, 1795.

ROBERT HAMILTON,

HAS FOR SALE

MADEIRA, Port, Calcacella and Lisbon wines, Pipes, Hogsheads and quarter casks.
Lump Sugar in barrels,
Double Gloucester Cheese,
Pork of prime quality,
St. Ubes Salt,
Shingles, Seine Cork,
A choise percel of Spanish Hides.
Tar, Turpentine, &c. &c.

Wanted to hire by the year a Negro Wench for house-work, and to assist in cooking.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the brig Polly from Lisbon,

A few pipes, hhds. and quarter-casks of Lisbon Wine, and a few pipes and hhds. of first quality Port.

Also by the sloop Sarah, from the Bay of Honduras, a quantity of

Mahogany and Log Wood.

And have still remaining on hand a few best Hair Matrasses and Silver Watches, and a general assortment of seasonable GOODS, which are offered for sale, by the piece or package only, at the store lately occupied, by JONAH THOMPSON *on Fairfax street.*

THOMPSON & VEITCH.

Alexandria, July 9, 1795.

Coryton & Lynn,

RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Alexandria and its vicinity, that they have opened shop in Fairfax Street, opposite MORDECAI MILLER'S, where they intend carrying on the different branches of

Clock & Watch making,

GOLD and SILVER Smithing, Engraving, &c. in the neatest manner, hoping to meet with encouragement, as their abilities shall prove them deserving. Orders from the country greatefully received, and punctually attended to. For sale a variety of plated Goods, Jewelry, and fancy Articles. Gilding neatly executed.

N. B. Wanted, a Journeyman and one or two Apprentices to each branch.

Alexandria, June 17, 1795.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE,

THURSDAY JULY 16.

Laſt evening a gentleman in this town received a letter from his correſpondent in Wilmington, ſtating that a veſſel had arrived in the Delaware, after a ſhort paſſage from Liverpool, which brought information of a naval engagement between the French and Engliſh and that the French had been victorious.

FOURTEENTH OF JULY.

Again the happy anniverſary of French Liberty arrived, and was received and enjoyed in a manner truly characteriſtic of her grateful ſons, who have felt her benign influence and are able to eſtimate the bleſſings which freedom beſtows. The day was uſhered in by a diſcharge of cannon, and after the French citizens of George-Town had aſſembled at this place, together with numbers of Americans, they all went in proceſſion, with a Band of Muſic, and Colours flying, to Spring Garden, where they ſat down to a plentiful board; after which the following toaſts were drank, accompanied with cannon:

1. The Day we celebrate, which hath been the Jubilee of French Liberty.

2. Liberty, Equality, Fraternity and equal rights of commerce throughout the world.

3. The French Republic, one and indiviſible—May all its citizens be united by the ſame principles.

4. The United States of America—May their conſtitution be preſerved in purity, and never be influenced by any foreign power.

5. The Dutch Republic—May virtue guide her councils, and energy preſerve her liberty.

6. The Poliſh Patriots—May they in a ſhort time ſhake off the yoke of tyranny which oppreſſes them, and enjoy the Rights of Man.

7. The National Convention—May their decrees be founded on juſtice and humanity.

8 The Heroes who have fought in defence of our rights, and for the annihilation of tyranny.

9. The Armies of the French Republic—May they ſoon reſt on their laurels, and enjoy the happineſs of peace which they have merited by their courage.

10 The Three-coloured Flag—may it's defenders force the Britiſh Lion to acknowledge that the ſeas belong to all the people of the Univerſe, who ought to enjoy that element as the gift of the Almighty.

11. The Fair of all free People—May they give to their countries many ſons, defenders of free principles.

12. The Repreſentatives of this State in Senate and Congreſs—May they always deſerve the eſteem of their fellow-citizens.

American Volunteers.

Independence of principle—May every American be manly and firm, and never be aſhamed (before ſtrangers) to acknowledge the Jubilee of France.

Liberty of government to all nations, and liberty and ability to depart in peace to thoſe who find the Atmoſphere of our clime diſagree with their political conſtitution.

May merit be ſo rewarded that the good of our country may ſo emulate its ſons, that it may never be without a FRANKLIN to negociate its Treaties.

May America never cede its commercial rights nor its national honor: but ſupport with manly firmneſs that national character its departed heroes won.

From the Gazette of the United States.

MORE ABOUT THE TREATY.

MR. FENNO,—If the two *important propoſitions*, ſaid to have been offered whilſt the treaty was under diſcuſſion in the ſenate, as ſubſtitutes to the reſolution of ratification, were to be rendered into plain Engliſh, they would read thus?

That the Preſident of the United States be informed, that the ſenate will not conſent to the ratification of the treaty, for the reaſons following:—

1. Becauſe the ſaid treaty does not provide for the return of Black Citizens, who, unmindful of the many whippings, brandings, and other bleſſings reſulting from *their ſhare* of the unalienable rights of man, went off with their good friends the Britiſh

2. Becauſe the doctrine of emancipation, without a valuable conſideration thereof, is hoſtile to the true intereſt of ſome of the moſt ſupereminent democrats in the United States, as well as repugnant to the uſage which has always obtained and does now obtain with the piratical ſtates of Barbary.

3. Becauſe the 10th article has a direct tendency to diſcountenance public as well as private ROBBERY.

4. Becauſe the righteous principles of exempting real eſtates from the payment of juſt debts, may be endangered by the operation of the 9th article.

5. Becauſe the moſt effectual mode of terminating national diſputes has been neglected, viz. That of inſiſting upon conceſſions which it was morally certain would never be granted.

6. Becauſe, although this treaty is in many reſpects, favorable to the United States, and ſtipulates for the ſurrender of the Weſtern Poſts, an object of the firſt magnitude, yet, nevertheleſs, if the advantages to be derived from ſaid treaty were ſtill more obvious, it would be a bad one, becauſe negociated by John Jay.

7. Becauſe if this treaty ſhould be ratified, it would blaſt the fair proſpects of a war for the preſent; by which means *thoſe* that are indebted will remain embarraſſed; *thoſe* who expect preferment will be diſappointed; *thoſe* who are idle and have no money will miſs the opportunity of acquiring ſome in the general ſcramble; and ALL who looked forward to a rupture with Great Britain as tending to overthrow the Federal Government, will have to reſort to their old trade of fomenting internal inſurrection.

Public Sale on Friday,
At X o'Clock,
At the Auction-Room, in Union-Street,
A large and general Aſſortment of
DRY GOODS,
On a Credit of 60 days;
Conſiſting of
Iriſh Linens, from 12d. to 23d. Sterling; Iriſh Sheetings; fuſtians; jeans; plain and ſtriped nankeens; printed cottons and apron checks, with a beautiful aſſortment of Ironmongery.

Alſo, on a Credit of 45 and 70 Days,
Twenty-two hhds. & 17 quarter-caſks of Port Wine, in fine order; a few barrels of Philadelphia Porter, with a variety of other articles.
MATTHEW F. BOWNE & CO. Auct.
Alexandria, July 16, 1795.

For Sale.
A Tract of LAND containing 97 acres, lying in Amherſt County, within two miles of the Sulphur Springs, and ſeven miles of Jones River, on which is an excellent mill ſeat, alſo 16 acres of good meadow land, which may be converted into an excellent meadow with but little labour; 35 bearing Apple trees, of an excellent fruit; a few Peach trees, &c. the buildings conſiſt of a tolerable good Dweling Houſe, and three out houſes. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be ſhown the premiſes by applying to ABRAHAM CARTER, who lives adjoining thereto, and the terms may be known, by applying to the ſubſcriber near TRIPLETT's Mill in Loudoun County, who will make to the purchaſer an undiſputable title for the ſame.
JOSEPH M'KEE.
June 20, 1795. 1w—4w.

LOST!
LAST evening, a Red ſtriped ſik POCKET BOOK, containing nine DOLLARS, with a vriety of other papers and accounts, &c. The perſon who has found the ſame and will leave it at Harper and Davis's Counting-Room, ſhall receive a reward of Two Dollars.
THOMAS LOCKE.
Alexandria, July 1, 1795.

Six Dollars Reward.
STRAYED from the paſture of the ſubſcriber, on the 15th inſtant, a large dark brown Waggon HORSE, about ſixteen hands high, four years old, a natural trotter, having a blaze on the forehead and a ſnip on the noſe, raw-boned and lean, and had no ſhoes on when he left the paſture. Whoever will bring ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward, and all juſt charges.
JOHN HOLKER.
Cool Spring Mill, Frederick County, June 22, 1795.

Real Eſtate for Sale.
A Three-ſtory Brick Houſe, in King-ſtreet, next below the ſtore of Ricketts and Newton, now in tenure of Foſters and May—This is a good ſtand for buſineſs, and has been occupied as a ſtore for ſeveral years—A Lot of 20 feet front and 60 deep, joining William Biſhby's houſe, on Duke-ſtreet—A Houſe and Lot on Fairfax-ſtreet, now in tenure of Joſeph Coleman, joining John Yoſt, Blackſmith, and Harper and Davis's Board-Yard—About 50 acres of Land, near this Town, partlying on the river, and joining the plantation of Baldwin Dade—Twelve Thouſand Acres of Land, in Harriſon County, Virginia, on the waters of Hughes's River, or the North Branch of Little Kenhawa.—This land is ſaid to be of an extraordinery good quality, and well watered—It may be had partly for ready money, part on time, or exchanged for lots in this Town. Further particulars may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber.
WM. HARTSHORNE.
Alexandria, 6 h. mo. 20, 1795. 1 w. t.f.

CAUTION.
WE the ſubſcribers have given a bond ſome time ago, to a certain MAURICE O'HEARLIHY, payable in June laſt, for the ſum of forty pounds Virginia currency, and whereas we have paid part of the amount of the bond to the ſaid Maurice O'Hearlihy, and have applied to him for diſcharging the balance, and cannot obtain our requeſt—therefore, leſt the bond ſhould be miſlaid, or negociated, we do hereby caution the purchaſing, or receiving it for the full amount, as we ſhall only pay the juſt balance due thereon.
DENNIS FOLEY,
ROBERT BROCKET.
Alexandria, July 3. 1795.

Notice that I intend to leave this Country for Europe, for a few months, by the firſt opportunity.
W'm. P. TEBBS.
June 20, 1795.

By laſt night's Poſt.

PHILADELPHIA, JULY 11.

The following important paper was enclosed in a letter from London of the 2nd May, to a gentleman in this city, brought by the Connecticut, arrived at New-York.

STATE PAPER.

Preſcript of the Emperor, preſented by the Imperial Miniſter to the States of the Germanic Empire, in diet aſſembled at Ratiſbon, on the 4th of May, 1795.

"The Miniſter of his Imperial Majeſty are charged to declare, in the name of his Majeſty the Emperor and King, to the Envoys repreſenting the ſeveral Princes and States of the Holy Roman Empire, that his Majeſty is ready to enter into negociations with the French Republic. His Majeſty without being too mindful of his own intereſt, will conſult thereby the real welfare of the Empire, and make it his ſole care to procure to the Empire an acceptable, ſolid, and permanent peace. But his Imperial Majeſty has alſo, at the ſame time, the juſt confidence in all his Co States of the Empire, that they will co-operate, with all their power, to accompliſh this deſirable end, and not enter into ſeparate negociation with the French Republic.—His Imperial Majeſty expects, however, the ſpeedieſt declarations on this ſubject, and the Imperial Con-commiſſioner will ſoon preſent a Declaration from the Emperor and King, explanatory of the ſentiments of his Imperial Majeſty. In other reſpects his Imperial Majeſty cannot conceal, that the ſeparate Treaty of Peace concluded on the part of his Pruſſian Majeſty, even in his quality of a Prince and Co-State of the Empire, has been moſt unexpected to him."

JULY 13.

Captain Barnes of the brig Polly, ſailed from Nantz on the 2nd of May, and left there the ſhip Two Friends, capt. Williams, of Philadelphia, and ſeveral other American veſſels. About 7 days ago, 100 leagues from the Capes ſpoke the Swediſh brig Sophia, Capt. Knapp, out 56 days from Leghorn, and from Mr. Dickſon, an American on board the Sophia, received the following very important intelligence—That an engagement had been fought between the Engliſh and French fleets in the Mediterranean (he underſtood on the 23d March*) the latter conſiſting of 22 ſail of the line, the number of the former uncertain; after which two ſail of the line of the Britiſh were towed into Leghorn, and three into Gibraltar, in a crippled ſtate—and that one three decker, two 74's, and ſeveral frigates were taken by the French and ſent to Toulon.

The French loſt one ſhip, which was cut off from the fleet before the action commenced. The French fleet were before Corſica, and cannonading when the Sophia paſſed that iſland, and when ſhe touched at Gibraltar ſaw the diſmaſted Engliſh ſhips lying there.

* There is probably a miſtake in this date; the Sophia by the number of days out when ſpoke by capt. Barnes, muſt have left Leghorn the 10th May; it is therefore preſumable, that the action took place on the 23d of April.

Capt. Brinton informs, that the Alexandria, captain Moore, laden with dry goods, from Greenock, was carried into Aux Cayes by a French privateer—There are near twenty ſail cruiſing out of that port.

Letters from New-York by yeſterday's mail inform, that accounts from England by the laſt arrivals there ſay, that the American ſtocks have riſen lately, and that the Britiſh were riſing. That, if true, is indicative of peace.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Fenwick, American Conſul at Bourdeaux, dated May 14, to a reſpectable mercantile houſe in this city.

"The French have been as adroit in negociation of late, as they have been formidable all the campaign in the field; a general continental peace is thought near at hand, and even haughty England poſſibly may be admitted to participate in it by acknowledging the principles of juſtice and reſtoring all the goods and property, iſlands and ſhips, which they have ſtolen and taken by treaſon and corruption. But all the Toulon veſſels muſt be given up, which ſhe bribed and deluded the inhabitants to put under her protection."

COME to the ſubſcriber's plantation, on Saturday the ſecond day of this month, a ſmall dark bay MARE, about thirteen hands and a half high, ſuppoſed to be twelve or thirteen years old; branded on the near buttock, thus H. He is ſhod all round, trots and gallops, and is low in fleſh. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.
CHARLES GASSAWAY.
Maryland, Montgomery County, May 6, 1795.

French Dictionaries.
1ſt. Set of Chambaud's, 2 Vols. Large Quarto, French and Engliſh.
1ſt. Set of Boyer's, 2 Vols. Large, do. do. do.
And ſeveral French and Engliſh pocket do. by Nugent or ſale. Enqure of the Printer.
Alexandria, June 22, 1795

15,000 lb. of Bacon, prime quality, for Sale by
ARCHIBALD DOBBIN.
Alexandria, June 24, 1795.

Miscellany.

THE TREATY.

FROM THE AURORA.

MR. BEACHE,—I have lately read with attention the Treaty between Great Britain and the United States, as also the resolution of the Senate conditionally consenting to its ratification.—What the Senate intended by this resolution is extremely difficult to discover. I hope however the following remarks will contribute to place it upon the least exceptionable ground.

The Resolution is in these words—

"Resolved, *That the Senate do consent to, and advise the President of the United States to ratify the treaty of amity, commerce and navigation between his Britannic Majesty and the United States of America, concluded at London the 19th Nov. 1794, on condition that there be added to the said treaty, an article whereby it shall be agreed to suspend the operation of so much of the 12th article, as respects the trade, which his said Majesty thereby consents may be carried on between the United States and his islands in the West-Indies, in the manner, and on the terms and conditions therein specified.*

"*And the Senate recommend to the President to proceed without delay to further friendly negociations with his Majesty on the subject of the said trade, and of the terms and conditions in question.*"

So much of the 12th article of the treaty as is not proposed to be suspended by the foregoing resolution is in these words—

"*And it is further agreed, that at the expiration of the said term the two contracting parties will endeavour further to regulate their commerce in this respect according to the situation in which his Majesty may then find himself with respect to the West-Indies, and with a view to such arrangements as may best conduce to the mutual advantage and extension of commerce. And the said parties will then also renew their discussions, and endeavour to agree, whether in any and what cases neutral vessels shall protect enemy's property; and in what provisions and other articles, not generally contraband, may become such. But in the mean time their conduct towards each other in these respects, shall be regulated by the articles herein after inserted on those subjects.*"

The 28th article of the Treaty is in these words—

ART. XXVIII. "*It is agreed, that the first ten articles of this treaty shall be permanent, and that the subsequent articles except the twelfth, shall be limitted in their duration to twelve years, to be computed from the day on which the ratifications of this treaty shall be exchanged, but subject to this condition—that whereas the said 12th article will expire by the limitation therein contained, at the end of two years from the signing of the preliminaries or other articles of peace which shall terminate the present war in which his Majesty is engaged, it is agreed, that proper measures shall by concert be taken for bringing the subject of that article into amicable treaty and discussion, so early before the expiration of the said term, as that new arrangements on that head may by that time be perfected and ready to take place. But if it should unfortunately happen, that his majesty and the United States should not be able to agree on such new arrangements, in that case all the articles of this treaty, except the first ten shall then cease and expire together.*"

If the Treaty had been unconditionally consented to by the senate and ratified by the President, and if no new arrangements in relation to the subjects of the 12th article could be agreed on between the parties before or at the expiration of two years from the termination of the present war, then at that period the whole of the Treaty (except the first ten articles) would expire together—Except those 10 articles the whole treaty is made to depend on the operation of the 12th article, or its substitute. Whenever therefore the 12th article ceases to operate, if any agreeable substitute is not ready to take its place, the whole treaty except the 10 first articles must expire with it. It is obviously immaterial, whether the determination of the 12th article is occasioned by its regular expiration, two years after the termination of the war, or by the consent of the contracting nations at an earlier period.—In either case the effect must be the same.

The resolution of the Senate makes the suspension of the material parts of the 12th article, a condition upon which they will consent to the ratification of the treaty. If this condition is not accepted by the British king, every part of the treaty is without the sanction of the Senate.—If it is accepted, then the substantial parts of the 12th article cease to operate by the mutual consent of the contracting nations, and therefore every part of the Treaty except the first 10 articles must expire with it. The foundation being taken away the superstructure must fall.

The Senate aware of this conclusion, add to their resolution a recommendation to the President, to proceed without delay to procure a substitute for the 12th article by new negociations with the British king. If such a substitute can be obtained so as to begin its operation when the suspension of the 12th article takes place, then it may be contrived to give existence to the whole treaty, but without it the British king's assent to the condition contained in the Senate's resolution must annihilate the whole of the treaty, or at any rate the whole of it except the 10 first articles.

Under this view of the Senate's resolution it may become a question whether the President can constitutionally complete the final act of ratification without again resorting to the Senate for their approbation—If new arrangements are made to supply the place of the 12th article, they must form a part of the present treaty—They do not now exist, and consequently they cannot be said to have obtained the consent of the Senate—Without the consent of the Senate a treaty cannot constitutionally be made—If no new arrangements are agreed on, and the condition upon which the Senate have consented to the ratification, is assented to, then as the condition itself will destroy all the treaty, except the 10 first articles, the discussion of the question as to the President's constitutional power becomes unimportant, as to all the treaty except the 10 first articles. The operation of the condition when assented to upon the President's power to ratify the 10 first articles, is a question I do not now intend to examine, because the proceedings of the Senate have unequivocally shewn amidst all their perplexity that they did not intend to sanctify the ten first articles in the view of a distinct treaty with Great-Britain.

AMERICANUS.

TREATY OF AMITY, COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION, BETWEEN HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY AND THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

[Continued from our last.]

ART. XXIV. It shall not be lawful for any foreign privateers (not being subjects or citizens of either of the said parties) who have commissions from any other prince or state in enmity with either nation, to arm their ships in the ports of either of the said parties, nor to sell what they have taken, nor in any other manner to exchange the same; nor shall they be allowed to purchase more provisions than shall be necessary for their going to the nearest port or State from whom they obtained their commissions.

ART. XXV. It shall be lawful for the ships of war and privateers belonging to the said parties respectively, to carry whithersoever they please the ships and goods taken from their enemies, without being obliged to pay any fee to the officers of the admiralty, or to any judges whatever; nor shall the said prizes when they arrive at, and enter the ports of the said parties be detained or seized, neither shall the searchers or other officers of those places visit such prizes, (except for the purpose of preventing the carrying of any part of the cargo thereof on shore in any manner contrary to the established laws of Revenue, Navigation, or Commerce) nor shall such officers take cognizance of the validity of such prizes; but they shall be at liberty to hoist sail, and depart as speedily as may be, and carry their said prizes to the place mentioned in their commissions or patent, which the commanders of the said ships of war or privateers shall be obliged to shew. No shelter or refuge shall be given in their ports to such as have made a prize upon the subjects or citizens of either of the said parties; but if forced by stress of weather, or the danger of the sea, to enter therein, particular care shall be taken to hasten their departure, and to cause them to retire as soon as possible. Nothing in this treaty contained shall however be construed to operate contrary to former and existing public treaties with other Sovereigns or States, but the two parties agree, that while they continue in amity neither of them will in future make any treaty that shall be inconsistent with this or the preceding article.

Neither of the said parties shall permit the ships or goods belonging to the subjects or citizens of the other to be taken within cannon shot of the coast, nor in any of the bays, ports, or rivers of their territories by ships of war, or others having commission from any Prince, Republic, or State whatever. But in case it should so happen, the party whose territorial rights shall thus have been violated, shall use his utmost endeavors to obtain from the offending party full and ample satisfaction for the vessel or vessels so taken, whether the same be vessels of war or merchant vessels.

ART. XXVI. If at any time a rupture should take place (which God forbid) between his Majesty and the United States, the Merchants and others of each of the two nations residing in the dominions of the other shall have the privilege of remaining and continuing their trade, so long as they behave peaceably and commit no offence against the laws; and in case their conduct should render them suspected, and the respective governments should think proper to order them to remove, the term of twelve months from the publication of the order shall be allowed them for that purpose, to remove with their families, effects and property, but this favor shall not be extended to those who shall act contrary to the established laws, and for greater certainty, it is declared that such rupture shall not be deemed to exist while negociations for accommodating differences shall be depending, nor until the respective Ambassadors or Ministers, if such there shall be, shall be recalled, or sent home on account of such differences, and not on account of personal misconduct, according to the nature and degrees of which both parties retain their rights, either to request the recall, or immediately to send home the Ambassador or Minister of the other; and that without prejudice to their mutual interest and good understanding.

[*To be continued.*]

Twenty puncheons high proof Jamaica
Fifteen do. do. St. Vincent's, } RUM,
Ten do. do. St. Kitt's,
Forty barrels of best Cargo, } PORK,
Thirty do. prime Mess
One hundred barrels of herrings in good order,
Ten hogsheads St. CROIX SUGAR, and
A quantity of SALT,

FOR SALE BY
FLETCHER & OTWAY.
Alexandria, July 16, 1795.

A GRAND CONCERT,
By Mrs. *SULLY* and Mrs. *PICK*,
Will be performed, at Mr. Abert's large Room,
THIS EVENING, July 16.

PART FIRST.

1. A Grand Sonata of Pleyel's, on the Piano Forte, by Mrs. Sully, accompanied on the Violin by Mr. Pick.
2. A favourite Song, 'Whither my Love,' by Mrs. Pick.
3. A favourite Scotch Reel, with Variations, by Mrs. Sully.
4. Song of Giordani, by Mrs. Pick.
5. A Sonata of Nicolai, with accompaniments, by Mrs. Sully and Mr. Pick.
6. The Marseilles Hymn in English, by Mrs. Pick.

PART SECOND.

1. A Grand Sonata of Climent's on the Piano Forte, by Mrs. Sully, accompanied on the Violin, by Mr. Pick.
2. A French Song, by Mr. Pick.
3. The favorite Air of Lira Lira, from the Surrender of Calais, with Variations, by Mrs. Sully.
4. A favorite Song, "Cottage Maid," by Mrs. Pick.
5. The favorite Air of Maggy Lauder, with variations, by Mrs. Sully.
6. The Hunting Song of Tally Ho! by Mrs. Pick.

To begin at half past Seven o'clock.

☞ Tickets at Six Shillings each, to be had at the Printing-Office, and at Mr. Abert's and Mr. Wise's Taverns.—No MONEY taken at the Door.

FOR SALE,
The Sloop Thomas and Sally,
AS *she now lies at Col. Gilpin's Wharf, burthen as per register 58 tons—a description is thought unnecessary, as it is presumable any person wishing to purchase will examine her. For particulars enquire of John Mutton on board, or the subscriber at Mr. M'Knight's Tavern.*

WILLIAM MITCHEL.
Alexandria, July 16, 1795.

A YOUNG MAN wishes to engage as a CLERK, who understands Book-keeping, and posses a considerable knowledge of the Grocery Business, in which line, if agreeable, he could advance a little Cash.—Proposals will meet attention if addressed to A. M. and left with the Printer.

Alexandria, 15th July, 1795.

DANIEL KETCHAM & CO.
HAVE FOR SALE,
At their Brewery and Distillery, formerly occupied by A. Morhouse & Co.
BURTON ALE in bottles, per the hamper or doz.
PORTER do. do. do.
STRONG BEER in barrels and half barrels.
Alexandria, July 16, 1795.

FOUND
A Small HAIR TRUNK, with a lock at each end, one of which has been prized open. The Trunk is about 2 feet by 14 inches, and from the marks of cord on it, it is supposed it has been stolen from behind some stage or carriage. The owner, by applying to the subscribers and paying expenses, may have it again.

MORRIS WORRELL, or
W'm PATTERSON.
July 15, 1795.

NOTICE
IS hereby given that an application will be made to the next General Assembly in behalf of *Achilis Helm*, heir at law to *Leonard Helm*, deceased, to obtain grants of certain lands surveyed by the said *Leonard Helm* in his life time, in consequence of the grant to the Illinois regiment. July 13, 1795. 3m.

Lands for Sale.
AGREEABLE to the last will and testament of *George Williams*, late of Fairfax county, deceased, will be sold on Monday the 17th of August next, on the premises, for ready money, a tract of land lying in Fauquier county, near Rectortown, containing two hundred acres more or less. This land is about half cleared and the improvements tolerable; it has over and above the advantage of a good mill seat on a constant stream. The land may be seen by an application to Mr. *Joseph Green*, who lives adjoining the same, and will be sold by

JEREMIAH MOORE, and } Ex'rs.
GEORGE WILLIAMS, }
July 13, 1795. 4w

SCHUYLKILL AND SUSQUEHANNAH
AND
DELAWARE AND SCHUYLKILL
CANAL LOTTTERY TICKETS,
For Sale by
CHARLES YOUNG, jun.
Alexandria, June 20, 1795.

Eight Dollars Reward.
RAN away, on Friday night last, a negro woman and three children, (two boys and a girl) It is supposed she was brought off by a negro man of the name of *Sampson*, the property of Mr. *Boggess*, and that they are secreted in Alexandria. Whoever apprehends said negroes and delivers them to the subscriber shall receive the above reward and all reasonable charges. I hereby caution all persons of harbouring them.

NICHOLAS LOWE.
Maryland, Prince George's County, July 13.

Poet's Corner.

IDLENESS—A SONG.

GODDESS of eaſe! leave Lethe's brink,
Obſequious to the muſe and me,
For once endure the pain to think,
O ſweet inſenſibility.
Siſter of Peace and Indolence!
Bring muſe, bring numbers ſoft and flow,
Elaborately void of ſenſe,
And ſweetly thoughtleſs let them flow.
Sweetly, &c.

Near to ſome cowſlip painted mead,
There let me doze away dull hours,
And under me let FLORA ſpread,
A ſopha of her ſofteſt flow'rs.
Where, Philomel, your notes you breathe,
Forth from behind the neighb'ring pine;
Whilſt murmurs of the ſtream beneath
Still flow in uniſon with thine.
Flow, &c.

For thee, *O Idleneſs!* the woes
Of life we patiently endure,
Thou art the ſource whence labour flows;
We ſhun thee but to make thee ſure:
For who'd endure war's toil and waſte,
Or who the hoarſe thund'ring of the ſea,
But to be idle at the laſt,
And find a pleaſing end in thee?
Find a &c.

FOR SALE

LOAF and lump SUGAR by the Hhd. or barrel,
Muſcovado SUGAR by the hhd. or barrel,
Imperial and young Hyſon TEAS by the cheſt or ſmaller quantity,
Jamaica and Antigua Rum by the hhd. or barrel,
Old Cogniac Brandy by the barrel or gallon,
Sherry, Liſbon & Malaga Wines in quarter caſks,
Claret in caſes of 2½ doz. each,
Bottled Porter by the barrel of 3 doz. each,
Molaſſes by the hhd. or barrel
Glaſs ware aſſorted in barrels,
10 by 8 Window Glaſs,
Fig blue by the cag,
8d. 12d. and 20d. nails,
Leiper's Snuff, in bottles,
Dutch Linens, &c.

ROBERT ALLISON.

Alexandria, July 2, 1795.

JUST IMPORTED
By Pomery & Iſabell,

And now ſelling at their ſtore in King Street,
A large aſſortment of gilt and plated, burniſhed and common metal buttons, of the neweſt and moſt elegant patterns. They have alſo a large and neat aſſortment of plain and fancy Cotton HOSERY—Theſe and other articles that they have on hand in the DRY GOODS line. they will ſell on ſuch terms as ſhall not fail, to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who may confer on them their favours.

Alexandria, June 15, 1695. (t.f.)

JUST landed, and for ſale by WM. HALLSTEAD, at the ſtore of Meſſrs. THOMAS PATTON & Co. at the corner of King and Union ſtreets,

Muſcovado Sugar

in hhds. and barrels, a few puncheons RUM, and ſome preſerved TAMMERINDS. Mr. Hallſtead is to be met with, at Mr. Abert's in Fairfax ſtreet.

Alexandria, July 6, 1795. (t. f.)

PIERCY & GRAHAM

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND NOW OPENING FOR SALE,

Oppoſite Mr. M'Knight's Tavern, King-Street,
A neat and general Aſſortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the preſent Seaſon:
Amongſt which are
A beautiful Aſſortment of

NANKEENS,

Which will be ſold low, by the bundle, for Caſh or a ſhort Credit.

ALSO
An Aſſortment of

CHINA & GLASS.

Alexandria, June 18, 1795.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I intend to petition the next General Aſſembly, to paſs an act, for laying off a TOWN on my land, near the mouth of Gooſe Creek, in the county of Loudoun.

THOMAS LUDWELL LEE.

Loudoun County, July 6, 1795.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend to petition the next General Aſſembly, for an act, giving me leave, to build a TOLL BRIDGE, acroſs Occoquan River, from the town of Colcheſter, to my lands in Prince William County, on the main Poaſt-road, leading from Alexandria to Richmond.

THOMAS MASON.

July 3, 1795.

SPRING GOODS.

Joſeph Riddle & Co.

HAVE received by the ſhip Two Siſters, Captain ISAAC HILTON, from London—one hundred and eighty-two packages of well choſen ſeaſonable Goods, which they offer for ſale by the package or ſmaller quantity.

Alſo—London bottled PORTER in caſks and hampers of 6 and 6½ dozen each.

Alexandria, June 5, 1795.

JOHN MANDEVILLE,

HAS RECEIVED,
AND
NOW OPEN FOR SALE,

IRISH Linen ¼, ⅜ and 4-4 by the box or piece,
Ruſſia do. by the bale or piece,
German do. do.
Silk and Cotton Hoſe,
Mens' Caps and Gloves,
Womens' Silk Lamb and Kid Gloves, and Mitts,
Threads white and coloured,
Old Womens' Thread, bleached and unbleached,
Jeans, Pillows, Ribdelures, Fuſtians, Thickſets, &c.
Nankeens dyed ſtriped and white,
Plain and twilled Dimities,
Marſeilles Quilting, &c.
Silk and Satin Saſhes, Ribbons, Mode, Vellum, China and Perſian,
Tiffanies and Cypreſs, Modes, Pelangs, Lutestrings, &c.
Florentines, Bombazeens, and Crapes,
Tapes, Bindings, Fillets, Galloons,
Diaper Table cloths, and Counterpanes,
White and printed pocket Handkerchiefs,
French Cotton,
Calicoes and Muſlins, white and printed,
Bed lace, Line, Toſſels, Fring, &c. &c.
Apron Checks and Check Handkerchiefs,
Superfine Broad Cloths and Caſhmers, from 5s. to 7/6 and 9s.
Ticking, German and Britiſh Oſnabrigs
Caſks of aſſorted Pewter,
Silk & Hair Twiſts, Sewings, &c.
Pins looſe and in papers,
Buttons gilt and plain, &c.
Darning, Cambrick, and white Chapel Needles,
Muſlins a great variety,
Gauzes,
Umbrellas,
With a variety of Upholſtry, Haberdaſhery, &c.

London bottled Porter in Caſks.

Alexandria, June 8, 1795. t. f.

Juſt Imported,

In the Snow Polly, from Liſbon,

100 *boxes freſh Lemons*
10 *do. do. Oranges*
50 *quartercaſks Liſbon Wine*
A few bags of Corks
And about 1000 *buſhels of Salt.*

Alſo by the brig Telegraphe from Barbadoes,
Eight hhds, Muſcovado Sugar
One Tierce do.,
Eight hhds. Rum

For ſale by JAMES CAVAN.

Alexandria, July 2. 1795.

For Sale
BY
JAMES CAVAN,

BARBADOES Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
Loaf do. in barrels,
1ſt and 2d proof Barbadoes Rum,
3d proof St. Croix do.
4th proof Jamaica do.
Holland Gin in pipes of an excellent quality,
Sherry Wine in quarter caſks,
Mould Candles in Boxes,
Tar and Pitch in barrels,
Turk's Iſland SALT,
Nail rods in faggots,
Pork in barrels, in good order for ſhipping, and a quantity of well cured Bacon.

Alexandria, June 29, 1795.

THE Partnerſhip of A. Morehouſe and Co. having this day diſſolved by mutual conſent: thoſe perſons having demands againſt the concern, and thoſe indebted are requeſted to apply to GEORGE YOUNGS, who is charged with the receipts and ſettlements of ſaid Co-partnerſhip.

A. MOREHOUSE,
GEORGE YOUNGS.

Alexandria, June 8, 1795.

BUSINESS will be continued as uſual under the firm of *Alliſon* and *Youngs*, who are now opening a general aſſortment of

Dry Goods

of the moſt faſhionable ſpring importations, which they will ſell low for caſh or country produce; they have on hand Port Wine of a ſuperior quality, in pipes, hhds. and quertercaſks—Likewiſe a quantity of Whiſkey.

June 8, 1795. t. f.

Matthew Franklin Bowne & Co.

AT their Warehouſe, formerly occupied by Meſſrs. HODGSON NICHOLSON, & Co. at the corner of King and Fairfax ſtreets, are now opening a large and extenſive aſſortment of

SPRING GOODS,

which they will ſell remarkably low for caſh or at the uſual credit.

June 8, 1795.

For ale, at Harper's Wharf,

25 puncheons Jamaica Spirits
10 do. Antigua
20 hhds. Molaſſes
10 do. Muſcovado Sugars
10 boxes Eaſt-India do.
3 pipes Brandy
100 Caſes American Geneva
5 Pipes Holland do.
260 dozen firſt quality London Porter
10 cheſts Bohea Tea
15 do. Hyſon and Souchong Tea
5000 lbs. northward Cheeſe
3000 do. Engliſh do.
3500 buſhels coarſe and fine Salt
50 barrels Pork
20 barrels of Beef
10 tons Bar Iron
10 Caſks of Nails
1 ton of Pig Lead
50 boxes Window Glaſs aſſorted
20 pieces Ruſſia Duck
50 do. Oſnaburgs

With a large and general aſſortment of Groceries and Dry Goods, wholeſale and retail.

As we are determined to ſell the above articles on the very loweſt terms for caſh or country produce, and have eſtabliſhed a Geneva Diſtillery at Gum-Spring, in Loudoun County, thoſe of our country cuſtomers who live contiguous to that manufactory may be ſupplied there with all kinds of Dry Goods and Groceries, where the higheſt price will be given for *Wheat, Rye, Barley, Indian Corn, Buckwheat* and *Whiſkey*, and any draſts drawn there by our agent, *Vincent Davis*, will be duly honored by

MATTHEW FRANKLIN BOWNE & CO

Alexandria, Feb. 24, 1795.

TO RENT

A Store, Counting-Room and two good Cellars in the houſe occupied at preſent by Mr. John Gill, and the whole or part of the red Warehouſe on the corner of King and Water Streets. Apply to

ALLISON & YOUNGS.

Alexandria, June 29, 1795.

Now landing on HARPER'S *wharf, from on board the Schooner Delight, and for ſale by*
MATTHEW FRANKLIN BOWNE & Co.
15 Hhds high flavoured 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
3 Hhds 4th proof St. Kitt's Rum,
3 Pipes of particular Madeira Wine,
2 pipes Geneva,
2 Cheſts Bohea Tea,
20 Boxes China, blue and white, and enameled in compleat Tea ſets,
400 Seal Skins,
4 Barrels Alſpice,
17 Tierces of China Sugar, &c. &c.

Alexandria, May 7, 1795. (t. f.)

HOUSES TO RENT
For a term of Years.

THAT handſome and convenient three-ſtory Brick Houſe, now in the tenure of John Potts, Eſq. ſituated on the corner of King and Pitt Streets, with a good ſtable and carriage-houſe, under one roof, and other neceſſary out-houſes thereto belonging. Mr. Potts expects to move out of it pretty early in the Fall, and, upon his leaving it, poſſeſſion will be given, except the ſtore and compting-room, which cannot be had till the 12th day of June next.

Alſo, on the ſame lot, a convenient framed Dwelling-Houſe, well calculated to accommodate a ſmall family, and a framed Warehouſe. Poſſeſſion of theſe will be given the 28th day of September next.

JOHN DUNDAS,

Who has Lots in different ſituations in the Town to let on ground-rent forever.

Alexandria, July 3, 1795. 6 w. e. p.

Purſuant to a decree of the Worſhipful the Court of Huſtings in Chancery ſitting, made at March Term, 1795

WILL BE SOLD,

On the 8th of Auguſt next, for ready Money, on the premiſes,

A Valuable three-ſtory BRICK HOUSE, ſituated on the South ſide of Prince and the Weſt of Union Streets, near the corner of Shreve and Lawraſon's ſtore, ſubject to a ground-rent and the Dower of the Wife of Michael Maddon, againſt whom the equity of redemption to the mortgaged premiſes hath been foreclоſed, by the executors of W'm Sydebotham, deceaſed.

W'm SUMMERS, T. S.

Alexandria, July 4, 1795.

FOUND by a Negro Man, near twelve months ſince, four pair of Spectacles, near Cameron run. The owner by proving property, may receive them by applying to the Printer.

Alexandria, July 6, 1795.